

## **VOTE 3:FINANCE AND ECONOMIC AFFAIRS**

# STRATEGIC PLAN 2003-2004 FINAL UPDATE

**UPDATED 14 JANUARY 2003** 



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### 2. Vision and Mission

The vision of the Department of Finance and Economic Affairs is to provide financial management leadership in the province and optimise our contribution to create an enabling environment for economic growth in Gauteng and South Africa.

In order to achieve the vision, the mission of the Department is therefore:

- > To achieve economic development through:
  - ➤ Investment in strategic economic infrastructure that boosts the competitive advantages of key sectors of the economy
  - > Increased trade and investment
  - > Contributing to an ethical business and regulatory environment
- > To achieve sound public finances through the phased implementation of the PFMA by 2007
- > Strive towards an output driven, ethical and people-orientated administration that reflects the demographics of our province through:
  - ➤ The achievement of operational excellence
  - ➤ A performance management framework

## 3. Environmental Analysis

The Strategic plan has been developed with full view of the environmental changes in which the department operates. The following are the external factors that are likely to have an influence on the functioning of the Department over the next year.

#### 3.1 Political

The Province has been politically stable since the 1994 as no change occurred in the ruling party over the past six years. This consistency has led to continuity in policy development and the mandate of the department. The Provincial priorities are pre-set by the Provincial Executive Council and these inform the goals of the department.

#### 3.2 Economical

#### Demographics

Gauteng is the smallest province in South Africa with an area of 21 025 km². It constitutes 1.7% of the total land area of the country. The total population is about 7.8 million. Although Gauteng is the smallest province, 18.5% of the total South African population reside in the province. Gauteng therefore has the highest population density of 369.7 persons/km². The average population density of South Africa is only 35.4-persons/km². All other provinces have population densities of less than 100 persons/km²There are six local authority areas: 3 Metropolitan Councils, 3 District Councils with 24 magisterial districts. These are Greater Johannesburg, Ekurhuleni, West Rand, Tshwane, Metsweding and the Sedibeng.

The province is the biggest contributor to the South African's Gross Domestic Product and employment. The three main contributors to the GGP of the province are finance, trade and manufacturing sectors respectively. The financial sector's contributions to the province's GGP increased from 16.7% in 1996 to 26.6% in 1999 with the trade sector's contribution also increasing from 7.4% to 11.8% during the same period. The manufacturing sector's contribution in the same period declined from ...... to ...... even though there was growth in its Rand value contribution overall.

The mining sector's contribution declined from 4.8% in 1996 to 3% in 1999 with the agricultural sector contributing less to the total GGP in 1999 relative to 1996. Its contribution fell from 0.9% to 0.5% over the period.

#### • Labour Force

The Province accounts for 26% of the employed in South Africa. Out of the total employment of 2.75 million (80%), 86% is in the formal sector. The commerce sector being the highest employer at 22%.

Based on the strictest definition, Gauteng has an unemployment rate of 28%. This is lower than the national average of 30%

Only 9.8% of the population has undergone some form of skills training. Of these 24% are in Business, commerce and management, 15% in the manufacturing sector and 14% in the service sector

#### 3.3 Social

#### Household Size and Income

There are about 2.35 million households that average at 3.3 persons in Gauteng. This accounts for about 22 of the total households in the country at an average of 4 persons.

About 39% of households reported incomes of less than R1200 per month and 10% exceed monthly incomes of R10 000.

#### • Education

About 16% of the population has no schooling as opposed to 24% nationally. Of these 29% have a grade 12 qualification and 3% at least a first degree.

About 1.9 million households are within a 2 km of a primary school, with 1.68 million being 2 km of a secondary school.

#### Services

Eighty five percent of population has access to electricity for lighting, 77% for heating and about 80% for cooking.

Almost all households in the province have access to piped water either through pipe in dwelling, on site, public tap or a tanker. However minority households still collect water from streams, dams, springs and boreholes.

In Gauteng 1.11 million households have access to telephones. 84.5% walk less than 16 minutes, 3.9% walk more than 30 minutes to the nearest telephone from dwelling.

### • Health Facilities

About 1.74 households have hospitals within a 2km of the dwelling.

#### 3.4 Technology

The Province's technology infrastructure competes comfortably with that of the first world. The challenge is to expand the ability of the province to innovate and manufacture this technology, as currently the Province is still largely an importer of this technology. The Gauteng online project of the Department of Education's objective is to ensure human resource development that will support this industry.

The challenge facing the department is to align the Information Technology Strategy with the Business strategy whilst taking into account the IT developments in the Shared Service Centre and financial constraints

## 4. Departmental Mandate

## • Legislative mandate:

Section 13 of the Constitution

The specific mandate of the department is derived from following legislation:

Public Finance Management Act (1999)

Public Service Act (1994)

Gauteng Consumer Affairs Act (1996)

Gauteng Tourism Act (2001)

Gauteng Gambling Act (1995, 1996, 2001)

The Liquor Act (2002)

Businesses Act (1991)

Sale and Service Matters Amendment Act (1995)

Credit Agreements Act (1980)

### • Delegations:

Human Resource and Financial delegations

The department has during the financial year ended 2002 revised the departmental delegations to bring them in line with Public Finance Management Act, Public Service Act and Regulations.

# 5. Assessment of internal strength and weaknesses

### **Strengths:**

- ➤ We have committed management and staff
- Current management has been in place for at least three years.
- The department is successfully implementing the PFMA to ensure good governance
- > The department is focused on achieving its declared outputs and has successfully done so previously.
- ➤ The department drives itself to meet deadlines with a major challenge on managers to do proper planning.

#### Weaknesses:

- > Succession planning is an area that still needs attention.
- ➤ There is disjuncture between the PFMA and the financial information systems currently in use.

# 6. Departmental Key Objectives

- Creation of an enabling environment for economic growth
- Fairness in the procurement of goods and services by government
- Efficient management of government resources

# 7. Departmental Deliverables

## 7.1 Provincial Treasury

- Annual budget that:
  - Reflects provincial priorities
  - Achieves allocation efficiency with a targeted ratio of 98% on current expenditure and 80% on capital expenditure of actual to budgeted expenditure
  - Engages the Executive and accounting officers
- Control over the implementation of the provincial budget through:
  - Analysis and interrogation of monthly and quarterly reports
  - Proactive cash flow management utilising appropriate systems and banking arrangements
  - Institutionalise the use of financial reports within departments
- Promotion and enforced transparency and effective management of provincial revenue, expenditure, assets and liabilities through:
  - Monthly, quarterly and annual reports within prescribed timeframes
  - Establishing norms and best practice guidelines in utilising internal audit as a risk management tool
  - Take the lead role in developing financial management skills and capacity in the province
  - Communications on a regular basis on actual and projected revenue and expenditure trends, budgets and financial management issues
- Consolidated annual financial statements of the province prepared in accordance with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice.

#### 7.2 Economic Affairs

- Definition and implementation of economic intervention necessary to contribute to economic growth and development that will lead to job creation.
- Enhance Small Medium Enterprise (SME) development and participation through Gauteng Provincial Government (GPG) procurement, Gauteng Manufacturing Advisory Centres (Gaumac), Blue IQ, Gauteng Tourism Agency (GTA), Gauteng Economic Development Agency (GEDA) and other provincial entities
- The promotion of black economic empowerment particularly through Blue IQ, the Gauteng Gambling Board, Gauteng Economic Development Agency, Gauteng Tourism Agency and other provincial entities
- Identification and packaging of investment opportunities within the preferred sectors to stimulate investments into Gauteng by GEDA in particular
- Proactive communications of economic programmes and interventions of GPG to ensure confidence building amongst investors and citizens
- Marketing and promotion of tourism with particular emphasis on the Cricket World Cup 2003
- Marketing and promotion of trade and investment opportunities by GEDA
- Implementation of a streamlined regulatory environment for the liquor industry that promotes and ensures compliance with the law
- Regulation of the gambling industry
- Improve consumer education, awareness and consumer protection to especially the lower income groups
- Enforce compliance to business regulations
- Provision of economic research and data series

### 7.3 Administration

- Maintain systems of internal controls and procedures that contributes to accountability, transparency and fairness in service delivery through:
  - Effective internal audits at least twice annually
  - Monthly-analysed financial reports tabled at top management meetings
  - Effective internal and external communications
  - An acquisition council and an accredited procurement unit that ensures fair and transparent procurement practice
- Optimise the role of technologies in service delivery
  - Maintain a LAN that has a 95% uptime
  - Ensure that staff has continuous access to email and Internet facilities
  - Introduce information, document management and workflow systems in line with GSSC
- Implement strategies to attract and retain skilled people
  - Maintain alliances with institutions and entities that help create a skills pool
  - Continue to market the department of Financial and Economic Affairs (DFEA) as employer of choice
  - Skills development plans for individuals
  - Stimulating work environment focused on outputs and performance
- Implement work plans and performance targets for units and individuals
- Sustain a culture and work ethic that is corruption free and customer focused:
  - Market the values of the department
  - Review and implement fraud prevention plan
  - Conduct at least one staff and client attitudinal survey
  - Implement a service delivery improvement plan

# 8. Departmental Design

The Department is clustered around three pillars

#### **Financial Cluster**

Provincial Treasury

#### **Economic Cluster**

Consumer Affairs and Business Regulation

- Gauteng Consumer Court (GCC)
- Gauteng Liquor Board (GLB)

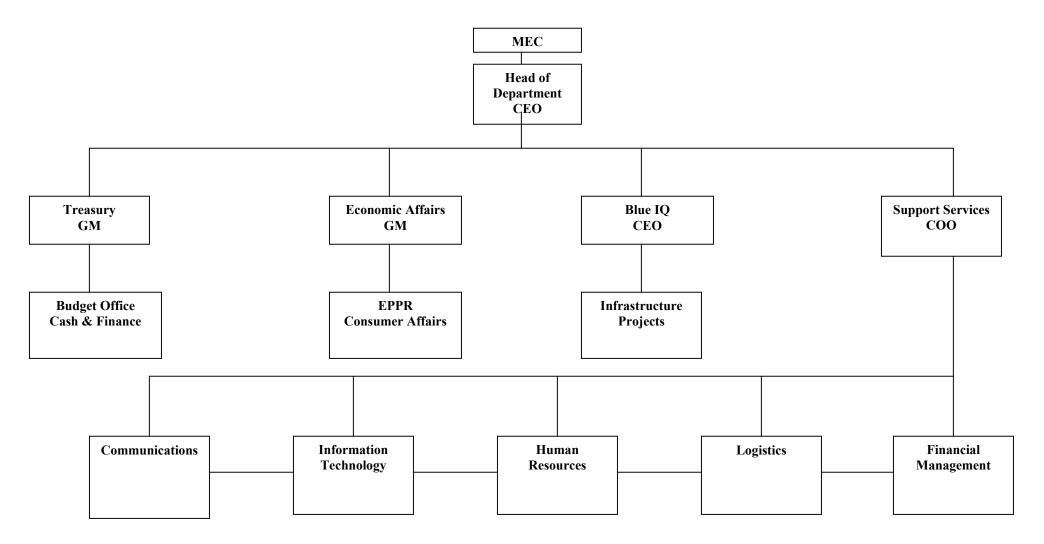
Economic Policy Planning Research (EPPR)

- Blue IQ
- Gauteng Gambling Board (GGB)
- Gauteng Economic Development Agency (GEDA)
- Gauteng Tourism Authority (GTA)
- Gauteng Manufacturing Advice Centre (Gaumac)

### **Support Services Cluster**

- Logistics
- Communication
- Financial Management
- Information Technology
- Human Resource Management

# 9. Departmental Structure and Organogram



# 10. Personnel Estimates

## **VOTE 3: FINANCE AND ECONOMIC AFFAIRS**

## **DFEA-SUMMARY PER BUDGET STATEMENT 2**

## **Number of Staff per Programme**

Current		MTEF	
At 31 March	At 31 March	At 31 March	At 31 March
2003	2004	2005	2006
10	6	6	6
225	229	343	343
56	56	56	56
46	46	46	46
9	15	17	17
30			
276	252	469	468
	At 31 March 2003 10 225 56 46 9	At 31 March         At 31 March           2003         2004           10         6           225         229           56         56           46         46           9         15           30         30	At 31 March         At 31 March         At 31 March           2003         2004         2005           10         6         6           225         229         343           56         56         56           46         46         46           9         15         17           30         17         30

	PERSONNEL PER LEVEL						
Salary	Number of Posts			Notch	Notch	Notch	Total Filled
Level	Filled	Vacant	Approved	1	2	3	Posts
1							
2	11	2	13			7	11
3	47		47	42	5		47
4	54		54	45	8	1	54
5	25		25	25			25
6	32	1	33	26	3	3	32
7	50	1	51	50			50
8	31	3	34	31			31
9	21		21	20		1	21
10	12	2	14	7	5		12
11	11	7	18				11
12	8	<u> </u>	8	5	2	1	8
13	14	4	18	11	1	2	14
14	11		11	9	2		11
15	2		2	2			2
16	2		2	2			2
MEC	1		1	1			1
Total	332	20	352	291	26	15	332

# 11. Departmental Revenue

•	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04
Department Revenue			Estimated	
Department revenue	Actual	Actual	Actual	Voted
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Tax revenue	296,414	298,750	322,870	332,772
Casino Taxes	224,043	229,294	269,885	283,379
Horseracing	67,367	63,692	47,041	49,393
Other taxes	5,004	5,764	5,944	0
Non -Tax revenue	136,663	221,466	176,812	149,793
Interest	76,825	186,416	170,659	143,431
Other revenue	59,796	27,701	1,266	1,035
Rent	42	2,216		
Fees, fines & forfeiture		5,133	4,887	5,327
Capital revenue	-			
Total	433,077	520,216	499,682	482,565
Less: Direct charges				
Gambling taxes		25,078	14,633	16,639
Total Own Revenue	433,077	495,138	485,049	465,926

# 12. Departmental Expenditure and Estimates

## BUDGET STATEMENT 2

## SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE AND ESTIMATES

	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04
Description of the Programme	Actual	Actual	Preliminary	Budget
			Outcome	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
1. Management	3,602	4,192	5,485	4,505
2.Support Services	35,563	46,842	57,336	59,366
3. Provincial Treasury	76,448	48,230	44,714	41,679
4. Economic Affairs	31,965	42,617	76,804	77,347
5. Blue IQ	152,766	373,865	620,288	1,471,364
6. Corporate IT	0	98,335	160,891	0
	0	44,289	0	0
Total for Programmes	300,344	658,370	965,118	1,654,261
CURRENT				
Compensation of employees	33,526	46,448	62,964	54,215
Use of goods and services	96,346	248,252	186,843	117,823
Property expenses	4,794	5,941	5,785	6,040
Subsidies	23,100	32,200	58,557	57,700
Grants	0	0	0	
Social benefits	0	45	0	0
Other expenses	0	0	0	0
Special Function	0	44,289	0	0
Total Current	157,766	377,175	314,149	235,778
CAPITAL				
New Capital Works	142,578	281,195	650,969	1,418,483
Non-financial assets				
Buildings and structures				
Machinery & Equipment	9,216	11,500	71,160	2,846
Other assets				
Capital transfers to	133,362	269,695	579,809	1,415,637
Local government			264,386	24,900
Local government agencies				256,863
Provincial entities				277,835
Provincial public entities				174,489
Other capital transfers	133,362	269,695	315,423	681,550
Financial assets		, , , , , ,	, -	,
Total Capital	142,578	281,195	650,969	1,418,483
Total GFS Classification	300,344	658,370	965,118	1,654,261

# 13. Capital Investment

The major capital investments of the department are the Blue IQ projects divided into four categories under project leaders and strategic business partners.

Blue IQ works with various national, provincial, local governments, institutions and private organizations.

The allocation for Blue IQ 2003 is 1,471Bn

#### **PROJECTS:**

#### **Technology**

The Innovation Hub

#### **Transport**

Johannesburg International Airport Industrial development Zone City Deep Terminal Industrial Development Zone Gautrain Rapid Rail Link

### High Value added manufacturing

Gauteng Automotive cluster Wadeville Alrode industrial Corridor

#### Tourisn

Cradle of Humankind World Heritage Site Constitution Hill Newtown Dinokeng Kliptown

# 14. Summary of Transfers

	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04	2004/05	2005/06	
	Audited	Audited	Estimated	Budget	MTEF	MTEF	TOTAL
GFS Classification			Actual				
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
PUBLIC ENTITIES							
Gauteng Economic							
Development Agency	3,800	3,900	28,900	28,900	28,900	28,900	123,300
Gauteng Tourism Agency	13,800	28,300	28,800	28,800	28,800	28,800	156,800
Gauteng Gambling Board	6,000						6,000
Gauteng Department							
Education (Special Education)			857				857
Total for Public Entities	23,100	32,200	57,557	57,700	57,700	57,700	286,957

LOCAL GOVERNMENT							
(BLUE IQ)							
Local Government			264,386	24,900	14,038		303,324
Local Government Agency				256,863	217,875	138,747	613,485
Provincial Entities				277,835	152,124	111,544	541,503
Provincial Public Entities				174,489	129,600	90,019	394,108
Other Capital Transfers	133,362	269,695	315,423	681,550	1,094,000	2,492,000	4,986,030
Total for Local Government	133,362	269,695	579,809	1,415,637	1,607,637	2,832,310	6,838,450
TOTAL TRANSFERS	156,462	301,895	638,366	1,473,337	1,665,337	2,890,010	7,125,407

DRAFT STRATEGIC PLAN DELIVERABLES MTEF: 2003-2006

Strategies	Date of Action	Deliverables	Number
Analysis of service delivery environment			
Management Information Systems implemented:			
Financial Information Systems  The department fully runs on basic accounting system (BAS).	Done	Monthly financial management reports	-
The department is looking at acquiring a modified accrual system package	March 2003	Compliant financial management	-
Employee Payable Systems Persal/Bas reconciliation is done on monthly bases at organizational level. Management is to extend process to program level	Monthly	Signed monthly reviewed reconciliation reports	12
Asset Management System  To be revised to include values and depreciable percentage  Up to date asset register	March 2003 On going	Asset register that reflects depreciation Annual asset audit by internal audit	1 -
Financial System for trading account Liquor trading account system to be Implemented on accrual bases.	Sept 2002	Separate financial statements On accrual bases	-
Core functions			
Provincial Treasury			
Prepare annual provincial budget achieving allocation efficiency Engage the Executive and accounting officers	February 2004 On going	Balanced Budget	1 -
<ul> <li>Analyses and interrogation of monthly and quarterly reports</li> <li>Monitoring of provincial cash flow management</li> </ul>	Monthly On going	Efficient Financial Management by	16
- Submission of quarterly monthly and annual reports on provincial revenue and expenditure	On going	Departments "	- 16
- Consolidate annual financial statements	June 2004	cc	1
- Coordinate and communicate norms standards and guidelines for the province	On going	Consolidated Annual financial statements  Fewer departmental non-compliance audit reports	-

Economic Affairs			
Implement the eleven Blue IQ projects	March 2006	Economic infrastructure development of projects	]
Defined economic interventions from updated provincial trade and industrial strategy	March 2003	Infrastructure Projects	
Monitor, evaluate and report on SME promotion in GPG procurement, Gaumac, Blue IQ, GTA, Geda and other provincial entities	Half yearly	Enhanced SME development and participation	
Monitor, evaluate and report on BEE promotion in GPG procurement, Gaumac, Blue IQ, GTA, Geda, and other provincial entities	Half yearly	Increased BEE development and participation	
Identification and packing of investments opportunities within preferred sectors to stimulate investment	Ongoing	Increased investments into the province	
Communication of economic programs and GPG interventions	Quarterly	Improved investor confidence	
Marketing of the province to attract tourists	On going	Detailed marketing plan and promotion schedule for GTA to promote	
Attracting investment opportunities to the province	On going	tourism	
Implement new liquor legislation and ensure compliance	March 2004	Marketing and promotion of trade and investment opportunities through GEDA Streamlined self regulatory environment for the liquor	
Review gambling legislation and polices and monitor implementation	March 2004	industry Compliant industry	
Introduce consumer education at schools, intensify mobile consumer services, media coverage and research	Ongoing	Streamlined regulatory framework for gambling industry Compliant industry	
Conduct workshops and inspections to ensure compliance to legislation	On going	Improved consumer, awareness and protection for lower income groups	
compliance to regionation	On going	Regulated Industry	

Support Services		
Efficient Human Resource Management		
Provide and retain adequate capacity of human capital to managers for the efficient delivery of objectives	On going	Enhanced work ethics and corporate culture
Develop recruitment strategies that attract suitable skills for the department	On going On going	Performance management system data base
Implement induction programs and employee Well being in the department	On going	Interactive HR information database for policy documents and other HR information needed by
Develop on line skill development plans for the department online		employees and management Continuously Workshop the policy for staff
Communications policy development		understanding
Advise on most effective structures, procedures and support mechanisms for co-coordinating the overall communication effort	Ongoing	Stakeholder briefing sessions Media campaigns releases Positive exposure
Managing relationships with the external stakeholders	On going	of the department Consistent message and corporate identity
Information Technology Strategies Information System support	14 12002	Access to all staff  IT system that is 95% up information systems that is efficiency and increases productivity of employees.
IT Strategy updated	1April 2003 Ongoing	Effective and efficient delivery of services
Upgrade Network	April 2003	دد
LAN management/downtime monitoring	Continuous	·
IT hardware and software support services	Ongoing	· ·
Email and internet availability	Continuous	
Cut IT support response time to 24hrs (working hrs) Policies for email, internet, security	March 2003	
ronoles for email, internet, security	June 2003	

Financial management development program		
Strategic Planning, Budgeting and related Matters	August 2003	Annual budget and strategic plan
In Year Monitoring and Reporting Internal Control and Risk Management Internal Audit and Audit Committees	August 2003 September 2003 September 2003	Control the implementation of the department's allocated budget  Monitor and report on progress of policy implementations, and control environment
Strategies to address Audit queries		
Quarterly Reports  Quarterly presentations and interrogations to monitor over expenditure and revenue collection process	Quarterly	Submission of Prescribed quarterly In Year Monitoring reports
Internal Control Processes: Deployment of Internal Audit Plan Implementation of Audit Committee Implementation Fraud Prevention Plan  Full and proper accounts records maintenance Authorization and maintenance of proper accounts records, contracts and document systems  Integrated budgeting and output process by sub-program to eliminate over/under expenditure Implementation of Activity-based budgeting process  Preparation and review of Preliminary Financial statement Review hygiene of trial balance 4 month before submission of financial statements.	Biannual internal audit involvement and control process review  Bi annual or quarterly internal audit involvement  Quarterly	Approved internal Audit plan and progress report on implementation dates.  Unqualified audit report  Quarterly progress report to Executive Council on outputs and actual spend against budget
	program and sub program interrogation	Trial Annual Financial Statements review

Strategies	Date of Action	Deliverables	Number
PFMA implementation Plan  The department submits monthly summary PFMA implementation report to Provincial Treasury		Unqualified Compliance Audit report 2004	1
The financial management program structure revised to ensure capacity to implement is adequate	Yearly	u	1
Audit Committee The Audit Committee that meets with department to ensure efficient management of resources	Quarterly	cc	4